Ref X12/86-Date: 86-02-17 Reply to: Tom Jones Western DataCom 5083 Market St Youngstown, OH 44512

Minutes of Async Sub group of X12C1

Meeting in Rockville MD. Jan. 14 and 15, 1986

ATTENDANCE

Ted Pearson Glen Mules Donald Quan Glen Smith Dan Henderson Jim Nichols Dale Sortland Tom Buck

Larry Baird Eugene Chang Tom Jones - Convenor AT&T-IS Bank of America Canadian GEISCO Communications Research Group Communications Research Group Digital Pathways Inc EDI Inc GTE Telenet McDonnell-Douglas Microcom Inc. Western DataCom

Altho only two protocols have been formally proposed to X12 (MNP and X.PC), this meeting did an extensive comparisons of four different protocols. XMODEM would only be considered if it were used with 16 bit CRC which is not currently widely available. XMODEM was eliminated on other grounds. Blast would only be considered if it were the subject of a complete proposal to X12 and placed into the public domain.

Unfortunately, even with the resolve of limiting the number of protocols to one, this group was not able to select one that could achieve consensus. It is likely that this will not be possible until either:

- 1) The market place makes its decision for us
- 2) Two or more of the competing entries come up with a joint proposal

The work on a transfer (session) protocol must continue and it is likely that this protocol could be common between async and bisync guidelines. The async group decided that all types of transaction sets must be accomodated while the bisync group was not considering two types:

- 1) The inquiry response type
- 2) The type requiring encryption

Some adjustments to the terminology used during the meeting were made in this document to come into closer agreement with the bisync subgroup.

PROTOCOL COMPARISONS

| | X.PC | MNP | Blast | XMODEM/CRC |
|--------------------------|--|----------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Efficiency | 94% | ₹4% or higher | 84% | poor (half dux) |
| Error control | CRC length encoded for transparent | CRC HDLC | CRC Bit level enc for transparent | CRC not on control path |
| software | widest | 1 co | 1 co | too new |
| hardware | ??? | widest | 1 co | none |
| 212A compat | yes | yes | yes | yes |
| flow control | RR | credit | soft??? | Ack/Nak |
| packet size | neg 256 | neg 64/256 | neg 512 | 120 |
| window size | neg 15 | neg 256 | (neg 16) | 1 |
| protocol | invoc by command | negot. parameters | negot. old/new | CS or CRC Mand CRC |
| piggy-back on network | yes | yes-async | yes optimized | yes |
| multi channel | yes | future | no | no |
| extensibility | future | yes | yes | no |

neg = negotiated

This list was designed to eliminate protocols until only one remained. Unfortuately, only XMODEM was elminated.

X12 ASYNC PROTOCOL MODEL

After reviewing all possible layers that might be useful in an X12 interchange, only the transfer (session) layer and an error (line) control layer were identified as important. The transfer (session) layer may have sublayers if it is to be connection oriented and the checkpoints are taken (data is committed) only at session completion. The problem with accepting only complete sessions is that it prevents inquiry-response transaction sets such as X12 has already defined.

TRS (Transfer related - Session) layer

Signon (Request and Confirm)
Amount of data

Checkpoint - at ISA/ISE

- at signoff (TA2 required??)
Communication responsibility - 0 = Send only

1 = Rec only

2 = Turn possible

Send / Receive Data (ISA/ISE - TA1)
Signoff (Request and Confirm)

LCS (Error - Line control) layer

Connection is Async

Window size (1-8)

Data Packet size (64-256)

Protocol selection (old/new - async/sync)

This could be the escape that makes one standard possible

Extensibility

Compression

Encryption-Identification

Renegotiation

Line speed

Encryption/Security

Physical layer

must support 212A modem - could negotiate alternate at connection time

MANAGEMENT ISSUES

Axioms - Guidelines MUST comply with these issues

Ability to certify actual implementations
This group wishes X12 to actively promote an X12 directory
Quality - any protocol must reject 99.99% of induced errors
Recovery - At ISA/ISE level only
TRS protocol - must try for only one for both async and bisync
LCS - only two protocols - async and bisync (for now)
Connection - must be flexible enough to negotiate environment
Code sets - always ASCII for Async and EBCDIC for bisync
Transparency of data - must allow for encrypted data
Code set for envelope around data - (from ISA to ISE)

Envelope must be able to be translated
ISE must be on a block boundry
Availability - times are published in directory

Pre-Connect - Issues decided prior to any communication

Registration Authority - Directory Keeper Directory must map names into addresses Directory is Electronic - nice, not required Directory Information to include

Availability of user (eg. 9-5 workdays) modem type (& speed) security requirements (possibly by transaction type) transaction set that are accepted amount of data that can be accepted cost - will user accept collect calls

- must answer 90% of all calls during busiest hour

Retransmission

How long is message available (3 working days) How soon could retransmission be made (1 day) How soon is TA1 response expected (1 day)

Connect - Issues negotiated at connect time

Time to deliver

Request confimation (TA1 or lower?)

Security - Authentication or encryption

- 0 = No, 1 = Try, 2 = Required

Responsibility - default to initiator

- could use token to transfer

- send only / Receive only

Amount of data - relates to free space of receiver 256K bytes is default